



July 6, 2017

Via certified mail and email

John R. Ashcroft
Missouri Secretary of State
600 West Main Street
Jefferson City, MO 65101
john.r.ashcroft@sos.mo.gov

RE: *Compliance with Section 5 of the National Voter Registration Act*

Dear Secretary Ashcroft:

We write on behalf of the League of Women Voters of Missouri, the St. Louis and Greater Kansas City Chapters of the A. Philip Randolph Institute, persons eligible to register to vote that these organizations represent, and others similarly situated to notify you that the state of Missouri is not in compliance with Section 5 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 ("NVRA"), 52 U.S.C. § 20504. As you know, Section 5 of the NVRA requires states, including Missouri, to provide individuals with an opportunity to register to vote when they conduct certain driver's license and nondriver identification card transactions with the Department of Revenue ("DOR").

Missouri is failing to fully comply with the requirements of Section 5 of the NVRA. We detail these failures below and urge you, as the State's chief election official, to take immediate steps, in conjunction with the DOR, to bring the State into compliance with federal law.

I. The Requirements of Section 5 of the NVRA

Section 5 of the NVRA requires the DOR to provide individuals with an opportunity to register to vote whenever they apply for, renew, or change their address on a driver's license or state-issued identification card ("ID card"). 52 U.S.C. § 20504(a)(1) & (d); *see also* 52 U.S.C. § 20502(3) (defining "motor vehicle driver's license" to "include[] any personal identification document issued by a State motor vehicle authority").

The NVRA mandates that when an individual applies for or renews a driver's license or ID card (known as a nondriver identification card in Missouri), that application also "serve as an application for voter registration ... unless the applicant fails to

sign the voter registration application.”¹ 52 U.S.C. § 20504(a)(1). A voter registration application “shall” be included as part of every application for state driver’s license or ID card. 52 U.S.C. § 20504(c)(1). As part of this application, the state may collect additional information necessary to register the individual to vote, but the voter registration portion of a driver’s license or ID card application “may not require any information that duplicates information” provided by the applicant in other portions of the form, “other than a second signature” and an attestation of eligibility. *Id.* § 20504(c)(2).

Further, Section 5(d) of the NVRA requires that any request DOR receives to change the address associated with a driver’s license or ID card must serve to automatically update the customer’s voter registration information unless the customer affirmatively opts out. *Id.* § 20504(d) (noting that such change-of-address forms “shall serve as a notification of change of address for voter registration . . . unless the registrant states on the form that the change of address is not for voter registration purposes” (emphasis added)).

These voter registration services must be provided by DOR, regardless of whether a covered transaction takes place in person at a DOR office or remotely via phone, mail, email, or internet. *See, e.g., Georgia Conf. of the NAACP v. Kemp*, 841 F. Supp. 2d 1320, 1331 (N.D. Ga. 2012) (voter registration must be provided during remote transactions); *Action NC et al. v. Strach et al.*, -- F. Supp. 3d--, 2016 WL 6304731, at *14 (M.D.N.C. Oct. 27, 2016) (“Sections 5 and 7 of the NVRA apply equally to in-person and remote covered transactions”); *see also* U.S. Department of Justice, The National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (NVRA): Questions and Answers, Q4. Moreover, NVRA requirements cannot be circumvented simply by contracting the underlying driver license or ID card transaction to a third party. U.S. Department of Justice, The National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (NVRA): Questions and Answers, Q5 (“When a state contracts with a private entity to administer services in an agency that is required to offer voter registration, the ultimate responsibility for ensuring provision of voter registration services remains with the state, and the voter registration requirements under the NVRA remain the same.”); *see also United States v. Louisiana*, ---F. Supp. 3d---, 2016 WL 4055648, at *45 (5th Cir. July 26, 2016) (“[T]he NVRA compel[s] this Court to hold [the Louisiana Department of Health] responsible for the violations of its chosen agents when the power to appoint, to monitor, and to maintain rests upon it alone and when each agent receives payment from LA by virtue of its contracts.”).

II. Missouri’s Violations of Section 5 of the NVRA

DOR’s current and on-going failure to comply with its voter registration obligations under Section 5 of the NVRA is established by several sources, including site visits and DOR’s responses to public records requests. We detail these violations below.

¹ If a voter is already registered, their driver’s license application or renewal “update[s] any previous voter registration[.]” 52 U.S.C. § 20504(a)(2).

A. Missouri DOR Does Not Offer Customers Who Engage in Change-of-Address Transactions Online, by Mail, or In-Person With the Voter Registration Services Required by the NVRA.

Missouri DOR change-of-address transactions may be conducted online, by mail, or in person at a DOR office. Currently, however, DOR customers who conduct a change-of-address transaction online or by mail are not provided with the voter registration services the State is required to offer under the NVRA. Further, for those customers who elect to change their address in the office, DOR appears to require—in violation of Section 5(d) of the NVRA—that they opt in to having their voter registration information updated by requiring that the applicant affirmatively ask to “apply for an address change on his or her voter registration.”

1. No Voter Registration Services are Offered When a DOR Customer Conducts a Change-of-Address Transaction Online or by Mail.

Missouri DOR fails to provide customers the opportunity to update their voter registration information when they submit a change of address online or by mail, in violation of Section 5 of the NVRA.

DOR allows individuals to update their driver’s license address online. *See* Missouri Department of Revenue, Request for Change of Address, <https://sa.dor.mo.gov/coa/default.aspx?check=true>. However, Missouri driver’s license holders are not provided the opportunity to update their voter registration address as part of this transaction, as Section 5 requires. Rather, individuals using DOR’s online change-of-address form are directed to visit the Secretary of State’s website, where they must complete a separate change-of-address transaction if they need to update their voter registration information. *See id.* (instructing voters “For Voter Registration address changes, visit the Elections & Voting – Frequently Asked Questions page” operated by the Secretary of State).

Further, DOR Form 4160, which Missouri residents can use to change their driver’s license address by mail, fails to provide DOR customers with the opportunity to update their voter registration information and does not even mention how customers completing the form can update their voter registration information.²

2. In-Office Change-of-Address Transactions Require DOR Customers to Opt-In to Changing their Voter Registration Information.

During change of address transactions conducted in DOR offices, rather than using the opt-out procedure required by Section 5, DOR requires voters to opt in in order

² In April 2016, DOR offices were using at least 2 versions of DOR Form 4160: those last designed in 2006 and 2015. In August 2016, DOR issued a new version of this form. *See* Missouri Department of Revenue, Form 4160 Address Change Request (Revised 08-2016), *available at* <http://dor.mo.gov/forms/4160.pdf>. None of these versions of Form 4160 mention voter registration.

to have their voter registration address updated. That is, according to Section 11 of Missouri's Uniform License Issuance Manual ("ULIM"), when a DOR customer submits an in-person request that the address on that their license or state-ID be updated, the individual must affirmatively request that their voter registration information be updated rather than automatically updating the information unless the individual affirmatively declines that such a change be made in violation of Section 5 of the NVRA. *See* ULIM Section 11, at 2, Step 6 (Rev. 5/2015).

B. Mail-In License Applications Used by Service Members Require Duplicative Information in Violation of the NVRA.

Section 5 of the NVRA requires that any time a DOR customer applies for or renews a state driver's license or ID card, they be afforded the opportunity to register to vote. *See, e.g.*, 52 U.S.C. § 20504(a) & (c). Specifically, the NVRA requires that a voter registration application be included as part of the form used to apply for or renew a driver's license or state ID. *Id.* § 20504(c)(1). The NVRA prohibits the voter registration application portion of the form from "requir[ing] any information that duplicates information required in" other parts of the form other than a signature and an attestation of eligibility. *See id.* § 20504(c)(2)(A) & (C).

DOR forms 4317 and 4318, which may be used by active-duty military personnel "to obtain a new, renewal or duplicate permit, driver, or nondriver license,"³ each include a separate voter registration application at the end of the form. Both of these forms require that a large amount of information be duplicated in order for the applicant to register to vote. Information duplicative of that required in forms 4317 and 4318 includes: first, middle, and last name; date of birth; gender; home address; mailing address; and the last four digits of the applicant's social security number. Requiring DOR customers to reenter this information on the voter registration form runs counter to Section 5's directive.

C. DOR Does Not Offer Voter Registration Services to All Individuals Renewing their License or ID Card or Conducting Duplicate Transactions.

In Missouri, it appears that during the driver's license application process, an individual's citizenship status is verified. *See, e.g.*, Missouri Uniform License Issuance Manual, Section 29, at 3-6. If an individual's citizenship cannot be verified,

³ Missouri Department of Revenue, Form 4318 (Military Application With Power of Attorney (For Persons Mobilized and Deployed with the U.S. Armed Forces)), *available at* <http://dor.mo.gov/forms/4318.pdf>. Form 4318 is to be used by "active-duty members of the armed forces [who are] temporarily mobilized and deployed outside the state of Missouri" and need "to obtain a new, renewal or duplicate permit, driver, or nondriver license." *Id.* Form 4317 may be used by both "active duty military personnel or [their] dependant[s who] are temporarily out-of-state or country" when they need to "renew [a] driver['s] license or obtain a duplicate driver['s] license." Missouri Department of Revenue, Form 4317 (Mail-in Driver License Application), *available at* <http://dor.mo.gov/forms/4317.pdf>.

the system instructing DMV workers to provide voter registration opportunities to clients is skipped, so no voter registration services are provided in this circumstance. *See id.* at 15. Moreover, it appears that certain individuals, such as individuals over the age of 65, do not have to provide information verifying their immigration status. *See id.* at 3-4. As a result, these individuals also may not be provided any voter registration services. The mere fact that an application has not provided documentation of his or her citizenship status does not mean the individual is not a citizen or is otherwise ineligible to vote. Section 5 requires that DOR provide *all* applicants with an opportunity to register to vote; thus DOR's failure to provide individuals the opportunity to register to vote if their citizenship status has not been verified by DOR or is not reflected in DOR's records violates the NVRA.

D. Section 5 of the NVRA Requires DOR to Provide Certain Disclosures When Individuals Apply For, Renew, or Change the Address on their License or ID Card.

In addition to the requirements outlined above, Section 5 of the NVRA also requires that the voter registration portion of DOR's forms include a statement that informs individuals of each voter eligibility requirement, an attestation that the applicant meets each such requirement, confidentiality of an individual's decision to decline voter registration, and if they decide to register to vote, the confidentiality of the office where voter registration was submitted. *See* 52 U.S.C. § 20504(c)(2)(C) & (D). It appears that several forms used by DOR do not include these required disclosures in violation of Section 5 of the NVRA. We ask that DOR conduct a thorough review of its forms and insert the required disclosures where they are missing.

III. Conclusion

The Missouri DOR is engaged in current and on-going violations of the NVRA. These violations deprive many state residents of their right to vote. As Missouri's chief election official, you are responsible for ensuring that DOR offices are complying with the NVRA. *See, e.g.,* MO. REV. STAT. ANN. § 115.136(1) ("The secretary of state shall be the chief state election official responsible for the coordination of state responsibilities under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.").

This letter serves as notice pursuant to 52 U.S.C. § 20510(b) of violations by Missouri of Section 5 of the NVRA, 52 U.S.C. § 20504. We are prepared to meet with you and other state officials at your earliest convenience to discuss these violations and to assist in your development of a comprehensive plan that addresses the problems identified in this letter. In the absence of such a plan, we will have no alternative but to initiate litigation at the conclusion of the statutory 90-day waiting period.

Sincerely,

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